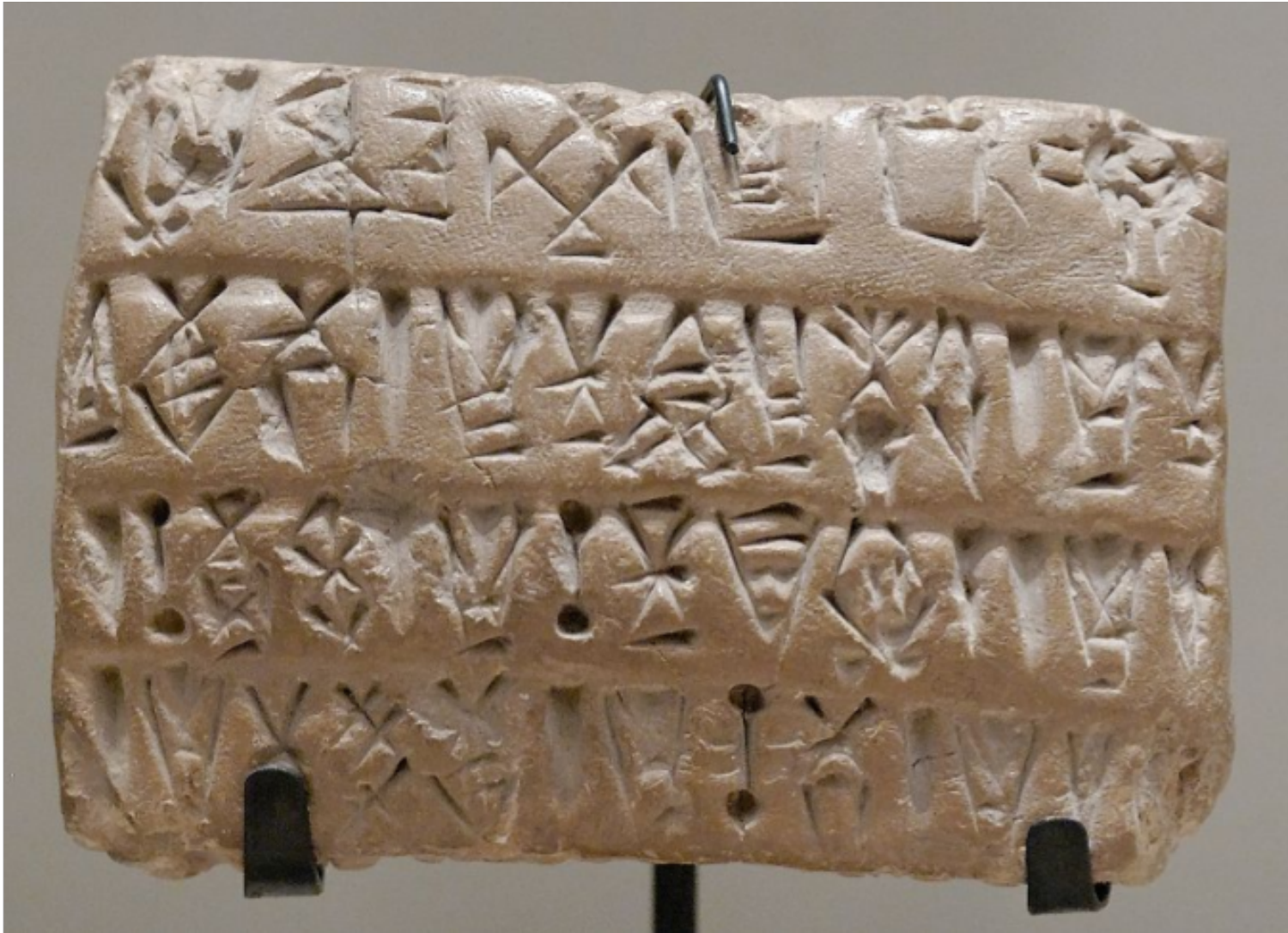




redis

Better NoSQL

# Economic transaction stored on Tablet from Mesopotamia







# Economic transactions stored in relational “way” - e.g. table

SHEET NO. \_\_\_\_\_ ACCOUNT NO. \_\_\_\_\_

RATING \_\_\_\_\_ NAME *Billy L. Schale*

CREDIT LIMIT \_\_\_\_\_ ADDRESS \_\_\_\_\_

TERMS \_\_\_\_\_

DATE	ITEMS	DEBIT	CREDIT	BALANCE
				839
4/10	gas 205 oil 30	333		1672
✓ 13	gas	231		1303
✓ 16	By Cash		1303	0
✓ 20	gas	119		119
✓ 24	gas 284 oil 30	314		433
✓ 28	gas 250 oil 31	284		717
7/1	gas	150		817
✓ 5	By Cash		817	0
✓ 2	gas 265 oil 240 <sup>35</sup> <sup>125</sup> <sup>3</sup> <sup>7x45</sup>	221		828
✓ 5	gas	295		1045
✓ 7	✓	165		1250
✓ 13	✓	160	620	1410
7/14	B.C.		1348	0
✓	gas	224		220
✓ 15	wash	123		345
✓ 16	gas	145		490
✓ 20	at tire shop	100		590
✓	gas	215		805
✓ 23	gas 165 oil 40	225		1030
✓ 28	By check		1030	0
✓ 7/1	gas 320	308		308
✓ 29	oil 180 <sup>20</sup> <sup>250</sup>	430	700	738

# Why NoSQL

"I think the primary lesson the Postgres community can learn from NoSQL is that not everyone needs all our features, and if it can be easily accomplished, we should allow users to trade features for some of the NoSQL desired behaviors."

**Bruce Momjian**

(author of PostgreSQL)



# Why NoSQL

Memory is the new disk, disk is the new tape.

**Jim Gray**

# Storage comparison

	<b>Speed</b>	<b>Price / GB</b>
Memory	1	2000EUR
SSD	1,000	2.00EUR
HDD	100,000	0.20EUR

# Why NoSQL

If you're deploying memcache on top of your database, you're inventing your own ad-hoc, difficult to maintain NoSQL data store

**Ian Eure**

# So what is Redis?

Key/value data store, similar to Memcached

Developed by

- Salvatore Sanfilippo and
- Pieter Noordhuis

More than any other NoSQL

- Persistence
- Replication
- More data types

More info at:

- <http://redis.io/>



# So what is Redis?

```
] SET USER1 Niki
```

```
OK
```

```
] GET USER1
```

```
Niki
```

```
] SADD ALL 1
```

```
OK
```

```
] SADD ALL 5
```

```
OK
```

```
SMEMBERS ALL
```

```
1
```

```
5
```

# So what is Redis?

```
] INCR A
```

```
1
```

```
] INCRBY A 2
```

```
3
```

```
] GET A
```

```
3
```

# Client Libraries

ActionScript C C# C++

Clojure Lisp Erlang Go Haskell

Java Lua Node.js Objective-C

Perl PHP Python Ruby Scala

Smalltalk TCL

# Blazing fast

about 110,000 SETs per second,  
about 81,000 GETs per second.

<http://redis.io/topics/benchmarks>

# SQL cache

```
$r = new Redis();  
$r->connect("127.0.0.1", "6379");  
  
$id = (int) $_REQUEST["id"];  
$sql = "select * from users where id = $id";  
  
// Create a hash key  
$key = "sql_cache:" . md5($sql);  
  
// Check if data is in cache.  
if ($data = @unserialize( $r->get($key) ) === false){  
    $data = exec_db_query($sql);  
    // Put data into cache for 1 hour  
    $r->set($key, serialize($data) );  
    $r->expires($key, 3600);  
}  
  
display_data($data);
```

# IP restriction

```
// First of all, check if the IP address is member of trusted set...
if ( ! $r->sismember("trusted:all", $_SERVER["REMOTE_ADDR"]) ){
// Create a hash key
$key = "ip:" . $_SERVER["REMOTE_ADDR"];
// Increase the hit counter
$hits = $r->incr($key);
$r->expires($key, 3600);
// Check if this IP had more than 1000 visits for 1 hour...
if ($hits > 1000){
// Something fishy going on, redirect...
header("location: page_with_capcha.php");
exit;
}
}

// Web page continue here...
// ...
```

# Random news

```
$newsroom = "sport";
```

```
$key = "news:" . $newsroom;
```

```
//Get random item...
```

```
$item = $r->lindex($key, rand(0, $r->lens  
($key) - 1));
```

```
echo $item;
```

# Processing queue

```
for($i = 0; $i < 1000; $i++){  
  $x = $r->incr("id:work");
```

```
  $r->hmset(  
    "work:$x", array(  
      "id" => $i ,  
      "a" => rand() ,  
      "b" => rand()  
    )  
  );
```

```
  $r->sadd("pool:work", $x);  
}
```

```
echo "Work distributed\n";
```

# Processing queue #2

```
while(true){
// Get random work id...
$x = $r->spop("pool:work");

if ($x === false){
echo "No more work to do\n";
sleep(10);
continue;
}

// Get work description...
$data = $r->hgetall("work:$x");

if (!count($data))
continue;

// Do the work...
$total = $data["a"] + $data["b"];

// Store back...
$r->hset("work:$x", "total", $total);

// And store id in finished pool...
$r->sadd("pool:finishedwork", $x);

echo "Work # $x is finished...\n";
// sleep(2);
}
```

# Locks

```
$team_name = "Blue team";
```

```
$user = "john";
```

```
$key = "lock:" . $team_name;
```

```
// Try to get the lock...
```

```
// e.g. set the key only if not exists...
```

```
if ($r->setnx($key), $user){
```

```
// Because system can crash, give him 5 min.
```

```
$r->expire($key, 60 * 5);
```

```
update_the_info();
```

```
// Release the lock...
```

```
$r->del($key);
```

```
}else{
```

```
echo "Warning! User " . $r->get($key) . " updating the information at the moment. Try again later :)";
```

```
}
```

# Database design

<http://redis4you.com/articles.php?id=009>

# Try Redis 4 Free

<http://redis4you.com/>

Questions?

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